

GCSE PE Year 10 Curriculum End Points and key vocabulary

Paper 1 - Anatomy

	Autumn Term 1	Autumn Term 2	Spring Term 1	Spring Term 2	Summer Term 1	Summer Term 2
Unit of	- The structure &	- The structure &	The Cardiovascular	The Respiratory	The Short-Term	Components of
Work	function of the	function of the	System	System	and Long-Term	fitness / Applying
	Skeletal system	muscular system			Effects of	the principles of
	- The structure &	- Movement			Exercise /	training
	function of the	Analysis			Components of	
	muscular system				fitness	
Ethos Links	STEM – science of	STEM – science of	STEM – science of	STEM – science of	STEM – science of	STEM – science of
	the body	the body	the body	the body	the body	the body
	Learning habits:	Learning habits:	Learning habits:	Learning habits:	Learning habits:	Learning habits:
	Listening / Thinking	Listening / Thinking /	Listening /Thinking /	Listening /Thinking /	Listening /Thinking	Listening /Thinking /
	/	Questioning	Questioning	Questioning	Questioning /	Questioning /
	Questioning			/Analysing	Evaluating	Evaluating
					/Analysing	/Analysing
Knowledge	By the end of this	By the end of this	By the end of this	By the end of this	By the end of this	By the end of this
	unit students will	unit students will	unit students will	unit students will	unit students will	unit students will
	know and	know and	know and	know and	know and	know and
	understand:	understand:	understand:	understand:	understand:	understand:
	- The names and	- Understand how	- Understand how	- Understand how	- Know how	- know the different
	locate major bones	muscles allow	the blood, blood	the lungs and	exercise	components of
	and muscle groups	different	vessels and the	respiratory muscles	immediately	fitness and how to
	in the human body.	movements.	heart work together	work to supply the	effects the bodies	test each
	 Understand how 	- Know how muscles	to transport oxygen	body with oxygen	systems.	component.
	the skeleton helps	work as antagonistic	around the body.	and remove carbon	- Know how long-	- Know the
	us function and the	pairs.	- To know the	dioxide.	term participation	definitions of
	roles of the joints	- Know the roles of	different types of	- To understand the	in physical activity	principles of training
	in movement.	ligaments, tendons	blood vessel and	pathway of air	can benefit the	
		and cartilage.			bodies systems.	

		 To know the three different classes of lever and use examples from sport to show how levers operate to produce movement. Know the three different planes of movement and the three different axes of rotations to explain how movements of performed in sport. 	their roles (arteries, veins & capillaries) To know the definitions of heart rate, stroke volume and cardiac output and what happens to these during exercise - To know the functions of red bloods cells.	through the respiratory system. - To know the role of respiratory muscles in breathing. - Understand about alveoli at the site of gas exchange. - Know the definitions of aerobic and anaerobic exercise.	- know the different components of fitness.	- Understand FITT and the different types of training.
Key Vocabulary	Cranium/ vertebrae / ribs / sternum / clavicle / scapula / pelvis / humerus / ulna / radius / carpals / metacarpals / phalanges / femur / patella / tibia / fibula / tarsals / metatarsals / support / posture / protection / movement / blood cell production / storage of minerals / hinge / ball and socket / Flexion /	ligament / cartilage / tendons / agonist / antagonist / fixator / 1 st class / 2 nd class / 3 rd class / frontal / transverse / sagittal / longitudinal	Arteries / capillaries / veins / atria / ventricles / bicuspid / tricuspid / semilunar valve / aorta / pulmonary artery / vena cava / pulmonary vein / heart rate / stroke volume / cardiac output /red blood cells	Mouth / nose / trachea / bronchi / bronchiole / alveoli / diaphragm / intercostals / breathing rate / tidal volume / minute ventilation / gas exchange / aerobic exercise / anaerobic exercise	Muscle temperature / heart rate / stroke volume / cardiac output / redistribution of blood flow / respiratory rate / tidal volume / minute ventilation / oxygen to working muscles / lactic acid production / bone density / hypertrophy / muscular strength / endurance /	Flexibility / agility / balance / co- ordination / reaction time / specificity / overload / progression / reversibility / continuous / fartlek / interval / circuit / weight / plyometrics / HIIT

extension /	resistance to	
rotation /	fatigue /	
abduction /	hypertrophy /	
adduction /	aerobic capacity /	
circumduction /	capillarisation	
deltoid / trapezius	Cardiovascualr	
/ latissimus dorsi /	endurance /	
pectorals / biceps /	muscular	
triceps /	endurance / speed	
abdominals /	/ strength / power	
quadriceps /		
hamstrings /		
gluteals /		
gastrocnemius		

Paper 2 (Socio-cultural)

	Autumn Term 1	Autumn Term 2	Spring Term 1	Spring Term 2	Summer Term 1	Summer Term 2
Unit of Work	Socio Cultural Influences	Commercialisation of Physical activity and Sport	Ethical and socio- cultural issues in Physical Activity and Sport.	Sports psychology (Characteristics of skilful movement / Classification of skills / goal setting)	Sports psychology (Mental preparation / types of guidance / types of feedback)	Health, fitness and well being
Ethos Links	STEM: Data (trends in participation) Learning habits: Listening / analysing	Learning habits: Listening /Thinking / Questioning	Milton Keynes – role models Learning habits: Listening /Thinking / Questioning / Evaluating	STEM: Science – how are body moves to create skills Learning habits: Listening /Thinking / Questioning / analysing	STEM: Science of the body – how our brains work Learning habits: Listening /Thinking / Questioning	STEM: science of the body Learning habits: Listening /Thinking / Questioning / analysing

Knowledge	By the end of this unit students will know and understand: - Different trends in participation using different sources such as Sport England, NGB's. - Understand and provide examples for different factors that can affect participation such as age, gender, ethnicity, religion, family, education, time, work commitments, cost, disposable income, discrimination, disability and environment. - Know strategies that can improve participation – promotion, access, provision.	By the end of this unit students will know and understand: - The influence of the media on the commercialisation of physical activity and sport. - Know the meaning of commercialisation and the Golden Triangle. - Understand the influence of sponsorship on the commercialisation of physical activity and sport.	By the end of this unit students will know and understand: - The differences between Sportsmanship, gamesmanship and deviance. - Reasons why sports performers use drugs. - Impact of drug use in sport. - Reasons for player violence.	By the end of this unit students will know and understand: - The characteristics of skilful movement and how to describe different sporting situations. - Skill continua and how to use it. - Definitions of SMART (Specific, measurable, achievable, recorded, timed) Apply to SMART practical goals. - Know why it is important for sports performers to set goals.	By the end of this unit students will know and understand: - Know mental preparation techniques. - Understand types of guidance, their advantages and disadvantages. - Understand types of feedback and be able to apply practical examples.	By the end of this unit students will know and understand: - The different health benefits of physical activity ad consequences of a sedentary lifestyle - Understand the differences between physical, emotional and social health and well-being.
Key Vocabulary	National governing bodies / DCMS / Trends in participation / age / gender / ethnicity /	Commercialisation / Social media / Internet / TV / Visual / Newspapers / Golden triangle / sponsorship	Sportsmanship / gamesmanship / deviance / anabolic steroids / beta blockers /	Efficiency / pre- determined / co- ordinated / fluent / aesthetic / environmental	Imagery, mental preparation, selective attention, positive and negative thinking.	Physical: injury, coronary heart disease (CHD) blood pressure, bone density,

religion / culture /	stimulants /	continuum / open	Visual, Verbal,	obesity, Type 2
family / education /	frustration /	or closed /	Manual and	diabetes, posture,
time / work / cost /	retaliation / anger /	difficulty	Mechanical.	fitness.
disposable income /	aggression	continuum/ simple	– intrinsic /	Emotional: self-
disability /		or complex /	extrinsic feedback,	esteem/confidence,
opportunities /		exercise	knowledge of	stress
access /		adherence/	performance /	management,
discrimination /		motivation /	knowledge of	image.
environment /		specific /	results and	Social: friendship,
climate / media		measurable /	positive / negative	belonging to a
coverage / role		achievable /	feedback.	group, loneliness.
models / promotion		recorded / timed		Apply all to
/ provision				different groups.