

# Maths Year 10 Curriculum End Points and key vocabulary

	Autumn Term 1	Autumn Term 2	Spring Term 1	Spring Term 2	Summer Term 1	Summer Term 2
Unit of Work	<ul> <li>Brackets</li> <li>Solve and rearrange equations</li> <li>Indices and standard form</li> <li>Surds</li> <li>Linear graphs and sequences</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Quadratics</li> <li>Fractions, decimals and ratio</li> <li>Area, surface area and volume</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Area, surface area and volume</li> <li>Angles and bearings</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pythagoras</li> <li>Similar shapes</li> <li>Trigonometry</li> </ul>	Percentages, growth and decay	<ul> <li>Averages, charts and graphs</li> <li>Compound units and real-life graphs</li> <li>Direct and inverse proportion</li> </ul>
Ethos Links	STEM – Use of linear graphs within science	Milton Keynes – use of quadratics to manage crowds at the Bowl	STEM – use of bearings in travel and transport	STEM – Application of trigonometry to engineering	STEM – growth and decay of bacteria	STEM, Sustainability and Milton Keynes – all used in relation to charts and graphs and statistical measures and averages. Use values within context
Knowledge	By the end of this unit students will know and understand:  Brackets (expanding	By the end of this unit students will know and understand:	By the end of this unit students will know and understand: Continuation of area,	By the end of this unit students will know and understand:  Pythagoras	By the end of this unit students will know and understand:	By the end of this unit students will know and understand:
	and factorising)	Quadratics	surface area and		Percentages, growth, and decay	Averages, Charts and graphs

By the end of this unit students will know and understand:

- How to expand a single bracket
- How to use common factors to factorise a single bracket
- How to expand double brackets
- How to factorise quadratics including the difference of two squares
- How to factorise quadratics with coefficient greater than 1

 How to expand triple brackets

Solve and rearrange equations

By the end of this unit students will know and understand:

- How to solve quadratic equations by factorising
- How to find approximate solutions on a graph
- The quadratic formula
- How to factorise by completing the square
- How to solve quadratics by completing the square
- How to plot quadratic graphs
- Roots, intercepts and turning points of quadratic functions and how to identify them
- How to deduce turning points

### volume – see half term 2

### Angles and bearings By the end of this unit students will

know and understand:

- Basic angle rules and how to use them to solve problems
- Angles on parallel lines and how to solve problems involving parallel lines
- How to calculate the angles in polygons – using both formulae and triangles
- How to measure bearings and apply angle rules to solve problems without measuring

By the end of this unit students will know and understand:

- Pythagoras Theorem
- How to solve problems with Pythagoras theorem
- How to calculate in 3D using Pythagoras

#### Similar shapes

By the end of this unit students will know and understand:

- How to identify congruent shapes
- How to recognise similar shapes
- The basic congruence criteria for triangles (SSS, SAS, ASA, RHS)
- How to calculate missing lengths in similar shapes using scale factors

By the end of this unit students will know and understand:

- How to write percentages as decimals and use them as multipliers
- How to calculate percentage of an amount
- How to calculate percentage increases and decreases
- How to calculate percentage change
- Reverse percentages
- Compound interest
- Growth and decay

By the end of this unit students will know and understand:

- The difference between discrete and continuous data
- How to construct tables and charts including bar charts, pie charts, pictograms, and line graphs for ungrouped discrete data
- How to construct time series graphs
- How to construct and interpret histograms for grouped continuous data
- Scatter graphs and

By the end of this unit
students will know and
understand:

- The concepts and language of expressions, equations, formulae, and identities
- How to solve linear equations with one unknown
- How to solve linear equations with unknowns on both sides
- How to form and solve linear equations
- How to change the subject of a formula

### Indices and Standard Form

By the end of this unit students will know and understand:

 How to apply the laws of indices to simplify expressions

# by completing the square

Fractions, Decimals, and Ratio
By the end of this unit students will

know and

understand:

- How to order positive and negative integers, decimals, and fractions
- How to apply addition, subtraction, multiplication and division to decimals and fractions
- How to convert between fractions, decimals, and percentages
- How to change recurring decimals into fractions

Ratio notation

- How to apply bearings to scale diagrams, maps, and scale factors
- The relationship of similarity with lengths, area and volumes

### Trigonometry

By the end of this unit students will know and understand:

- Trigonometry in right angled triangles
- How to calculate lengths and angles using Trigonometry
- How to solve problems with Trigonometry
- How to solve problems linking Pythagoras and Trigonometry
- How to calculate in 3D using Trigonometry
- Exact values and apply them
- Sine rule
- Cosine rule

- how to identify correlation
- Extrapolation and interpolation
- Sample size and limitations of sampling
- How to calculate and interpret mean, mode, median and range
- Quartiles and interquartile range
- How to draw and interpret box plots
- How to draw and interpret cumulative frequency diagrams

Compound units and real-life graphs
By the end of this

By the end of this unit students will

- How to use fractional indices with expressions and numerical values
- How to convert between real numbers and standard index form
- How to add, subtract, multiply and divide with numbers in standard index form

#### Surds

By the end of this unit students will know and understand:

- Positive integer powers and associated real roots
- How to estimate powers and roots of any aiven number
- How to calculate

- How to share in ratios
- How to solve ratio problems
- How to simplify algebraic fractions
- How to solve algebraic fractions

Area, Surface area and Volume (including circles) By the end of this unit students will

know and

understand:

- Properties of 2D shapes
- How to calculate the area of 2D shapes
- How to calculate the area of a circle including exact calculations

How to

calculate the

 Area of a triangle formula

## know and understand:

- How to use standard units of mass, length, time, and other measures
- How to convert between compound units
- How to read timetables
- How to calculate speed, distance, and time
- How to calculate density, mass and volume
- How to calculate pressure
- Plot and interpret real life graphs (reciprocal and exponential)

exactly with	perimeter of	<ul><li>How to</li></ul>
surds	2D shapes	calculate or
<ul><li>How to</li></ul>	How to	estimate
simplify surds	calculate	gradients of
<ul> <li>Rationalising</li> </ul>	circumference	graphs and
the	of a circle	areas under
denominator	including	graphs and
<ul> <li>Expand double</li> </ul>	exact	interpret
brackets	calculations	results
involving surds	<ul> <li>Properties of</li> </ul>	
	3D shapes	Direct and inverse
Linear graphs and	How to	proportion
sequences	calculate the	By the end of this
By the end of this unit	volume and	unit students will
students will know and	surface area	know and
understand:	of prisms	understand:
<ul> <li>Common</li> </ul>	<ul><li>How to</li></ul>	<ul><li>How to</li></ul>
sequences	calculate the	recognise
including	volume and	direct and
geometric	surface area	inverse
progression	of spheres,	proportion
<ul> <li>Fibonacci</li> </ul>	pyramids and	<ul><li>How to</li></ul>
sequences and	cones	interpret
be able to	<ul> <li>Properties of</li> </ul>	worded
apply and use	circles	problems
them	<ul><li>How to</li></ul>	involving
<ul> <li>How to deduce</li> </ul>	calculate arc	direct and
the nth term of	lengths and	inverse
linear	areas of	proportion
sequences	sectors	<ul><li>How to</li></ul>
<ul> <li>How to deduce</li> </ul>		construct
the nth term of		equations for
quadratic	•	direct and
sequences		inverse
		proportion

	<ul> <li>Continue and interpret sequences with surds</li> <li>How to plot straight line graphs</li> <li>Parallel lines and how to identify them</li> <li>How to find the equation of a line given 2 points</li> <li>How to use y=mx+c to identify perpendicular lines</li> </ul>					
Key	Expand	Expressions	Straight line	Scale factor	Multiplier	Frequency
Vocabulary	Factorise Quadratic	Equations Formula	Point Alternate	Congruence Similar	Increase Decrease	Frequency density Class width
	Coefficient	Identity	Corresponding	Hypotenuse	Growth	Proportion
	Subject	Inverse	Co-interior	Opposite	Decay	Product rule
	Index	Expand	Bearing	Adjacent	1	Correlation
	Base	Factorise		Sine		Frequency tree
	Fractional	Recurring		Cosine		Intersection
	Reciprocal	Terminating		Exact		Complement
	Parallel	Denominator				Mutually exclusive
	Perpendicular	Numerator				Averages
	Gradient	Proportion				Spread

Intercept	Algebraic fraction		Cumulative
	Volume		Quartiles
	Surface area		Inter-quartile range
	Cross section		Speed
	Exact		Density
	Arc		Pressure
	Sector		Direct
			Inverse