

Year 11 TRAVEL & TOURISM Curriculum End Points and Key Vocabulary

	Autumn Term 1	Autumn Term 2	Spring Term 1	Spring Term 2	Summer Term 1	Summer Term 2
Units of Work	Component 2: Customer Needs in Travel and Tourism		Component 3: Influences on Global Travel and Tourism			
Ethos Links	<p>STEM-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> How to use a range of technologies to be able to identify customers in the travel and tourism industry. How to apply statistics to market research data. Understand how technological developments have enabled a range of customers to be able to access travel and tourism services such as individuals with disabilities. <p>Sustainability-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Consider how sustainability can be a contributing factor for customer travel needs. Consider how sustainability can be a desirable preference for travellers. To look at how travel organisations can use sustainability as a way of promoting their company. 		<p>STEM-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Look into how technological change has impacted the ability for people to cross political boundaries. How can new technology be used to maintain the environmental impact from tourism. <p>Sustainability-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> How can natural environments be used and maintained while being used for tourism and to generate income. Look into the social cultural impact of tourism and how communities' traditions need to be protected and maintained. Look into what sustainable tourism is and how this can be used to protect areas while still making a profit. 			
Learning End Points	<p>By the end of this unit students will know and understand:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Investigate how organisations identify travel and tourism trends Types of market research How travel and tourism organisations use research to identify customer needs Travel and tourism trends Customer needs, preferences and considerations Explore how to meet the needs and preferences of travel and tourism customers 		<p>By the end of this unit, students will know and understand:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Economic Factors Political Factors Natural Disasters Media and Publicity Safety and Security concerns Health risks and precautions The names of key organisations involved in travel and tourism and the ways in which these organisations respond Travel and tourism organisations' possible responses / Government (Local, national or regional) / Voluntary organisations Social impacts of tourism on destinations 			

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Providing travel and tourism products and services to meet different customer needs • Planning a holiday to meet customer needs and preferences 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Economic impact of tourism • Environmental impact of tourism • How to manage impacts of tourism • Visitor education • Improved infrastructure • Planning controls / Legislation and regulations / Visitor education • Impact of travel and tourism and sustainability • Sustainability and managing environmental impacts • Destination management • Tourism development • The role of local and national governments in destination management • The importance of partnerships in destination management 	
		<p>By the end of this unit students will develop their ability to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cartographic- Students will be able to use their skills range of map skills (KS3) and be able to start applying their skills to more complex distribution representation. • Graphical skill- to use a range of graphs to be able to make judgements (KS3) and will be able to use large data sets on a regional level to make judgments. Students will be able to start to understand data from a wide array of sources and how this can give a more comprehensive meaning. • Presentation- Students will be able to interpret a range of presentational methods in figures to be able to get evidence to use in exam questions. • Processes- Students will be able to understand how step-by-step processes work. • Written responses- Students will be able to confidently answer lower mark questions and will be able to have a consistent approach to longer answer questions. <p>Critical thinking- Students will be able to clearly see connections between areas of the GCSE course and start to use synoptic links with greater accuracy.</p>	
Key Vocabulary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All-inclusive • Conservation • Consumer • Corporate travel • Customer • Customer satisfaction • Desirable preference • Destinations • Domestic tourist • Excursions • Facilities • Leisure travel • Market research • Market segment • Multi-centre • Outbound tourist • Preference • Primary research • Product development • Products • Qualitative data • Quantitative data 		

- Short-breaks
- Secondary research
- Services
- Specialist travel
- Touring
- Visitor
- VFR